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[ income tax credit - property - effective date ]
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By: Montgomery

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2021, Section 2357.22, as amended by Section 1, Chapter 404, O.S.L. 2022 (68 O.S. Supp. 2022, Section 2357.22), is amended to read as follows:

B. As used in this section, "qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property" means:

1. Equipment installed to modify a motor vehicle which is propelled by gasoline or diesel fuel so that the vehicle may be propelled by compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas, or liquefied petroleum gas. The equipment covered by this paragraph must:

- a. be new, not previously used to modify or retrofit any vehicle propelled by gasoline or diesel fuel and be installed by an alternative fuels equipment technician who is certified in accordance with the Alternative Fuels Technician Certification Act,
- b. meet all Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards set forth in 49 CFR 571, or
- c. for any commercial motor vehicle (CMV), follow the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations or Oklahoma Intrastate Motor Carrier Regulations;

2. A motor vehicle originally equipped so that the vehicle may be propelled by compressed natural gas, or liquefied natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas but only to the extent of the portion of the basis of such motor vehicle which is attributable to the storage of such fuel, the delivery to the engine of such motor vehicle of such fuel, and the exhaust of gases from combustion of such fuel;

3. Property, not including a building and its structural components, which is:

- a. directly related to the delivery of compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas, or hydrogen for commercial purposes or for a fee or charge, into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle propelled by such fuel including compression equipment and storage tanks for such fuel at the point where

1 such fuel is so delivered but only if such property is
2 not used to deliver such fuel into any other type of
3 storage tank or receptacle and such fuel is not used
4 for any purpose other than to propel a motor vehicle,
5 or

6 b. a metered-for-fee, public access recharging system for
7 motor vehicles propelled in whole or in part by
8 electricity. The property covered by this paragraph
9 must be new, and must not have been previously
10 installed or used to refuel vehicles powered by
11 compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas or
12 liquefied petroleum gas, hydrogen, or electricity.

13 Any property covered by this paragraph which is related to the
14 delivery of hydrogen into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle shall
15 only be eligible for tax years 2010 and 2023 through 2028;

16 4. Property which is directly related to the compression and
17 delivery of natural gas from a private home or residence, for
18 noncommercial purposes, into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle
19 propelled by compressed natural gas. The property covered by this
20 paragraph must be new and must not have been previously installed or
21 used to refuel vehicles powered by natural gas; or

22 5. For tax years 2010 and 2023 through 2028, a motor vehicle
23 originally equipped so that the vehicle may be propelled by a
24 hydrogen fuel cell electric fueling system.

1 C. As used in this section, "motor vehicle" means a motor
2 vehicle originally designed by the manufacturer to operate lawfully
3 and principally on streets and highways.

4 D. The credit provided for in subsection A of this section
5 shall be as follows:

6 1. For the qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property
7 defined in paragraphs 1, 2, or 5 of subsection B of this section,
8 the amount of the credit shall be as follows based upon gross
9 vehicle weight of the qualified vehicle:

10 a. for vehicles up to or below six thousand (6,000)
11 pounds, the credit shall be a maximum of Five Thousand
12 Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00),

13 b. for vehicles between six thousand one (6,001) pounds
14 to ten thousand (10,000) pounds, the credit shall be a
15 maximum amount of Nine Thousand Dollars (\$9,000.00),

16 c. for vehicles of ten thousand one (10,001) pounds, but
17 not in excess of twenty-six thousand five hundred
18 (26,500) pounds, the credit shall be a maximum amount
19 of Twenty-six Thousand Dollars (\$26,000.00), and

20 d. for vehicles in excess of twenty-six thousand five
21 hundred one (26,501) pounds, the credit shall be a
22 maximum amount of:

23 (1) for tax year 2023, One Hundred Thousand Dollars
24 (\$100,000.00),

1 (2) for tax year 2024, Two Hundred Fifty Thousand
2 Dollars (\$250,000.00),

3 (3) for tax year 2025, Two Hundred Thousand Dollars
4 (\$200,000.00),

5 (4) for tax year 2026, One Hundred Fifty Thousand
6 Dollars (\$150,000.00), and

7 (5) for tax years 2027 and 2028, One Hundred Thousand
8 Dollars (\$100,000.00);

9 2. For qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property
10 defined in paragraph 3 of subsection B of this section, a per-
11 location credit of forty-five percent (45%) of the cost of the
12 qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property; and

13 3. For qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property
14 defined in paragraph 4 of subsection B of this section, a per-
15 location credit of the lesser of fifty percent (50%) of the cost of
16 the qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property or Two
17 Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00).

18 E. In cases where no credit has been claimed pursuant to
19 paragraph 1 of subsection D of this section by any prior owner and
20 in which a motor vehicle is purchased by a taxpayer with qualified
21 clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property installed by the
22 manufacturer of such motor vehicle and the taxpayer is unable or
23 elects not to determine the exact basis which is attributable to
24 such property, the taxpayer may claim a credit in an amount not

1 exceeding the lesser of ten percent (10%) of the cost of the motor
2 vehicle or One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00).

3 F. If the tax credit allowed pursuant to subsection A of this
4 section exceeds the amount of income taxes due or if there are no
5 state income taxes due on the income of the taxpayer, the amount of
6 the credit not used as an offset against the income taxes of a
7 taxable year may be carried forward, in order, as a credit against
8 subsequent income tax liability for a period not to exceed five (5)
9 years. The tax credit authorized pursuant to the provisions of this
10 section shall not be used to reduce the tax liability of the
11 taxpayer to less than zero (0).

12 G. A husband and wife who file separate returns for a taxable
13 year in which they could have filed a joint return may each claim
14 only one-half (1/2) of the tax credit that would have been allowed
15 for a joint return.

16 H. The Oklahoma Tax Commission is herein empowered to
17 promulgate rules by which the purpose of this section shall be
18 administered including the power to establish and enforce penalties
19 for violations thereof.

20 I. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 2352 of this
21 title, for the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2014, and each
22 fiscal year thereafter, the Tax Commission shall calculate an amount
23 that equals five percent (5%) of the cost of qualified clean-burning
24 motor vehicle fuel property as provided for in paragraph 1 of

1 subsection D of this section for tax year 2012. For each subsequent
2 fiscal year thereafter, the Tax Commission shall perform the same
3 computation with respect to the second tax year preceding the
4 beginning of each subsequent fiscal year. The Tax Commission shall
5 then transfer an amount equal to the amount calculated in this
6 subsection from the revenue derived pursuant to the provisions of
7 subsections A, B and E of Section 2355 of this title to the
8 Compressed Natural Gas Conversion Safety and Regulation Fund created
9 in Section 130.25 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

10 J. For the tax years 2020 through 2022, the total amount of
11 credits authorized by this section used to offset tax shall be
12 adjusted annually to limit the annual amount of credits to Twenty
13 Million Dollars (\$20,000,000.00). The Tax Commission shall annually
14 calculate and publish by the first day of the affected taxable year
15 a percentage by which the credits authorized by this section shall
16 be reduced so the total amount of credits used to offset tax does
17 not exceed Twenty Million Dollars (\$20,000,000.00) per year. The
18 formula to be used for the percentage adjustment shall be Twenty
19 Million Dollars (\$20,000,000.00) divided by the credits claimed in
20 the second preceding year, with respect to any changes to the future
21 of the credit.

22 K. Pursuant to subsection J of this section, in the event the
23 total tax credits authorized by this section exceed Twenty Million
24 Dollars (\$20,000,000.00) in any calendar year, the Tax Commission

1 shall permit any excess over Twenty Million Dollars (\$20,000,000.00)
2 but shall factor such excess into the percentage adjustment formula
3 for subsequent years with respect to any changes to the future of
4 the credit.

5 L. For the tax years 2023 through 2028, the total amount of
6 credits authorized by this section used to offset tax shall be
7 adjusted annually to limit the annual amount of credits to:

8 1. Ten Million Dollars (\$10,000,000.00) for qualified clean
9 burning fuel property propelled by compressed natural gas, liquefied
10 natural gas, or liquefied petroleum gas, property related to the
11 delivery of compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas or
12 liquefied petroleum gas, and property directly related to the
13 compression and delivery of natural gas;

14 2. Ten Million Dollars (\$10,000,000.00) for property originally
15 equipped so that the vehicle may be propelled by a hydrogen fuel
16 cell electric fueling system and property directly related to the
17 delivery of hydrogen; and

18 3. Ten Million Dollars (\$10,000,000.00) for property which is a
19 metered-for-fee, public access recharging system for motor vehicles
20 propelled in whole or in part by electricity.

21 The Tax Commission shall annually calculate and publish by the
22 first day of the affected taxable year a percentage by which the
23 credits authorized by this section shall be reduced so the total
24 amount of credits used to offset tax does not exceed each of the

1 limits provided in paragraphs 1 through 3 of this subsection. The
2 formula to be used for the percentage adjustment shall be Ten
3 Million Dollars (\$10,000,000.00) divided by the credits claimed in
4 the second preceding year, with respect to any changes to the future
5 of the credit.

6 M. Pursuant to subsection L of this section, in the event the
7 tax credits authorized by this section exceed any of the limits
8 provided in paragraphs 1 through 3 of subsection L of this section
9 in any year, the Tax Commission shall permit any excess over Ten
10 Million Dollars (\$10,000,000.00) but shall factor such excess into
11 the percentage adjustment formula for subsequent years with respect
12 to any changes to the future of the credit.

13 N. The Tax Commission shall notify the Office of the State
14 Secretary of Energy and Environment at any time when the amount of
15 claims for credits allowed pursuant to this section reaches eighty
16 percent (80%) of the total annual limit provided in subsection J of
17 this section. Upon such notification, the Secretary shall provide
18 notice to the Governor, President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and
19 Speaker of the House of Representatives.

20 SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2023.

21 COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS
22 February 22, 2023 - DO PASS
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